Climate Change - Getting the Science Back on Track

Rotary Club Discussion Bill Howell, Calgary, 22 May 2007 Added since: slide 6 comparing Beck's atmospheric CO2 to temp cool-warm-cool-warm from Haave 2007



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I. Introduction - Definitions

<u>**Climate Change</u>** - is the science of studying climate and the factors that influence it, over all time scales and geographies.</u>

"The climate has been changing for billions of years, it is changing now, and it will continue to change for billions of years into the future.

Furthermore, natural changes in the climate far, far exceed anything that we are speaking of now, both in magnitude and rapidity." [Howell]

Tim Patterson - "The ONLY constant of climate IS change!"

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I. Introduction - Definitions (cont'd)

The **Kyoto Premise** is

"...the presumption that man-made GreenHouse Gases (GHGs) [have, are, and/or will have] a catastrophic impact on the environment and mankind." [Howell]

In my view, this is the <u>essence</u> of what the public has been led to believe, and the focus is especially strong on CO_2 emissions.

A common problem with scientists - is that many fail to distinguish between the concepts "Climate Change" and the "Kyoto Premise". In other words they often trip up at the very simple, initial stages of analysis.



III. Astronomy, Geology, Evolutionary Biology It all starts with our Sun





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III. Astronomy, Geology, Evolutionary Biology Milankovic cycles of Earth orbital

Orbit Eccentricity (~413 & 100 ky)







22.1*





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II. The Kyoto Premise Milankovic glaciation cycles

Look Ma, no CO₂! Paillard's threshold model.





thousand years Before Present (ky BP)

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IV. GHGs, Clouds, Ice Caps, Ocean Currents The climate as a system of water cycles

- Green-House Gas (GHG) #1 !!!
- Heat reservoirs oceans and glaciers
- Atmospheric heat transport across the globe (evaporation/ precipitation)
- Ocean currents around the globe
- Temperature changes seem muted compared to water transport/reservoir effects
- Albedo water / ice / cloud

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IV. GHGs, Clouds, Ice Caps, Ocean Currents The "Star Trek" theory of climate - Galactic rays



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II. The Kyoto Premise Hockey stick temperatures

Is the "Scientific Consensus" on the hockey stick the greatest fraud in scientific history? (notice the splicing of proxies & modern data)



II. The Kyoto Premise Disappearing CO₂ concentrations

...or is the "Scientific Consensus" on recent CO₂ even worse?



II. The Kyoto Premise

CO2 is a time-lagged, fuzzy thermometer



II. The Kyoto Premise CO2 is a <u>thermometer</u> - last million years

Al Gore's favourite graph? Why do many scientists have problems with causation?

Temperature and CO₂ levels in the atmosphere over the past 400 000 years (from the Vostok ice core)



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II. The Kyoto Premise CO2 not a thermometer - last half-billion years?

Note: Glaciation periods even when CO2 was 5 to 50 times higher! Evolutionary biology has dominated longer term trend (angiosperm/ gymnosperm, C34/ C4 plant vasulature etc etc)



II. The Kyoto Premise CO2 as THE major GHG? Nyet



Have you been led to believe that CO2 is the most important GHG? ...

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II. The Kyoto Premise (from ancient civilisations to the present?) Are we ready for global cooling?

A New York Times-line



II. The Kyoto Premise How stupid do they think we are?

• perhaps as bad as our scientists....?

hedging their bets propaganda frenzy(Gore)



20th Century Fox's "The Day After Tomorrow" pushed the idea that global warming could lead to an ice age.

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E.P. Barnham had it right!

You can fool all of the scientists some of the time, <u>Most</u> of the scientists all of the time, But you can't fool all of the scientists all of the time.

Most people are believers. There are very, very few critical thinkers. Most scientists are like most people, Blowing in the politically-correct winds.

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Conclusions

The Kyoto Premise is a poor model of climate change on all time scales and geographies.

Alternative theories can actually fit the data. Many have been around for a LONG time!

Keep It Simple Stupid (KISS) - Major mistakes are being made with the initial, simple aspects of climate change. This doesn't bode well for the complex approaches if we keep jumping on science fashions-cults-religions.

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Conclusions

Diversity of opinion and approach is the key (Wallace - Darwin theory of evolution applied to science, policy and management)

"Scientific Consensus" can be an oxymoron.

especially with poliically correct issues (eg health sciences, environment etc)

"Science-Policy Links" have become a new method for deceiving the public. Poor quality thinking has led to the misapplication (as usual) of management, science and policy principles. www.BillHowell.ca, 22 May 2007 slide 19 of 27

Conclusions: Actions

SHUT DOWN, LAY-OFF, REORIENT, RE-PRIORITIZE

•Pull out of the Kyoto agreement, shut down major research institutes that have failed the public, lay off most of the new armies of government and academic scientists and policy analysts

•reflect on completely new and diverse approaches at vastly smaller funding levels, Set up smaller scale and completely different funding groups, policy & science institutions, new young scientists and policy analysts who are capable of representing fresh new science ad who can think.

Priority - Astronomy, earth sciences, and new modelling approaches. (no impacts & adaptation with same institutions and scientists)

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Climate Change: It's the Sun, Stupid!

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I. Introduction

- I. Introduction and Definitions
- II. The Kyoto Premise A 20 year scientific "fashion-cult-religion"
- III. Astronomy, Geology, Evolutionary Biology Traditional & Modern views of key climate <u>drivers</u>
- IV. GHGs, Clouds, Ice Caps, Ocean Currents Major intermediate climate <u>mediators</u>
- V. The Prophesies of the Sun (time permitting...)
- VI. Conclusions

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III. Astronomy, Geology, Evolutionary Biology

Our Sun - well behaved compared to its brethern





www.Bill al., 1992, with permission.)

III. Astronomy, Geology, Evolutionary Biology Back-seat direct climate drivers

- Massive volcanic eruptions (short-term?)
- "Too small to have an impact?" – geothermal variability
- Human activity
 - land clearing
 - urban islands
 - thermal & GHG emissions

(drivers - direct energy inputs) www.BillHowell.ca, 22 May 2007 slide 26 of 27



IV. GHGs, Clouds, Ice Caps, Ocean Currents Albedo - reflection of sunlight



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Solar Cycle 25 To Be Weakest in Centuries



The Sun's Great Conveyor Belt has slowed to a record-low crawl, which has important repercussions for future solar activity.

Normally 1 m/s since 19th century. Now 0.75m/s in N and 0.35 m/s in S.

NASA (physorg.com/preview66581392.html) www.BillHowell.ca, 22 May 2007 slide 30 of 27



V. The Prophesies of the Sun Influenza pandemics and solar activity



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V. The Prophesies of the Sun Influenza pandemics and solar activity



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V. The Prophesies of the Sun

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V. The Prophesies of the Sun

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II. The Kyoto Premise

Temperature - averages versus regions

Holocene Temperature Variations



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II. The Kyoto Premise CO2 a minor or even insignificant climate driver?

Is there ANY credible and coherent set of data and analysis that even suggests that CO2 is a serious climate driver, ...

... that is not far better interpreted as showing that CO2 is merely a function of temperature?

I've been waiting for several years to see this.

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II. The Kyoto Premise CO2 a minor or even insignificant climate driver?

The GHG effect of CO2 is close to being "fully utilised", and further increases in CO2 have less and less effect. Man-made CO2 emissions are small compared to natural emissions.

It appears that CO2 is best described as a function of temperature?

I've been waiting for several years to see this.

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III. Astronomy, Geology, Evolutionary Biology It all starts with our Sun



Fig. 2.1. Butterfly diagram (*upper panel*) and record of relative solar surface area covered by sunspots (*lower panel*). *Upper panel*: the vertical axis indicates solar latitude, the horizontal axis time. If a sunspot or a group of sunspots is present within a certain latitude band and a given time interval, then this portion of the diagram is shaded, with the colour of the shading indicating the area covered by the sunspots. (Figure courtesy of D. Hathaway, http://science.nasa.gov/ssl/pad/solar/sunspots.htm).

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II. The Kyoto Premise CO2 a minor or even insignificant climate driver?

text box



1.7 % variation in low cloud formation between solar maximum and minimum (vs <0.1 % solar irradiance variation)



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III. Astronomy, Geology, Evolutionary Biology Milky Way cycles

(I couldn't find top and side photos of our Milky Way... let me know if you find some)



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III. Astronomy, Geology, Evolutionary Biology Milky Way cycles



Figure 2. The cosmic ray flux (Φ) and tropical temperature anomaly (ΔT) variations over the Phanerozoic. The upper curves describe the reconstructed CRF using iron meteorite exposure age data (Shaviv, 2002b). The blue line depicts the nominal CRF, while the yellow shading delineates the allowed error range. The two dashed curves are additional CRF reconstructions that fit within the acceptable range (together with the blue line, these three curves denote the three CRF reconstructions used in the model simulations). The red curve describes the nominal CRF reconstruction after its period was fine tuned to best fit the low-latitude temperature anomaly (i.e., it is the "blue" reconstruction, after the exact CRF periodicity was fine tuned, within the CRF reconstruction error). The bottom black curve depicts the 10/50 m.y. (see Fig. smoothed temperature anomaly (ΔT) from Veizer et al. (2000). The red line is the predicted ΔT_{model} for the red curve above, taking into account also the secular long-term linear contribution (term $B \times t$ in equation 1). The green line is the residual. The largest residual is at 250 m.y. B.P., where only a few measurements of δ18O exist due to the dearth of fossils subsequent to the largest extinction event in Earth history. The top blue bars are as in Figure 1.

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