# Ring Around the Rosies

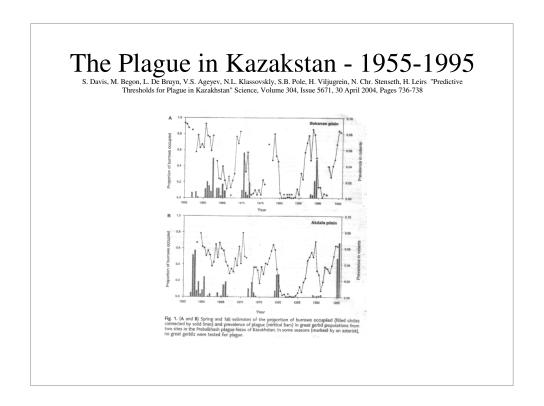
Bill Howell, 04Oct06 Toastmasters – Hard Disk Café, Calgary

Ring around the rosies A pocketful of posies Ashes, Ashes We all fall down

I heard this nursery rhyme for the first time in decades last week, shortly after arriving in Calgary. It is strange that after so many decades, the poem still sounded gay and pristine, and evoked happy and fun feelings. But it was also strange to hear a change in the third line of the poem, so I had confirm with my mother that she taught me "Husha, Husha", rather than "Ashes, Ashes". A historian has explained that the origin of the poem was a surviving generation's way of coping with the terrifying death and social upheaval of the Black Death – they made a child's poem and a game of it. So now the poem has taken on a far more powerful meaning to me, in some ways sad, but in other ways hauntingly beautiful, and a poweful tribute to human survival during a desperate time, and their grasp for normalcy thereafter.

And the poem also leads us into the underlying theme of my speech today: **Pandemics** and solar activity

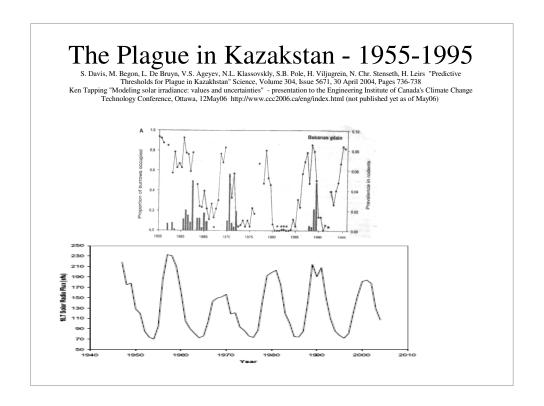
A small number of scientists suspect that solar activity has had an important influence on the occurrence of pandemics throughout history.



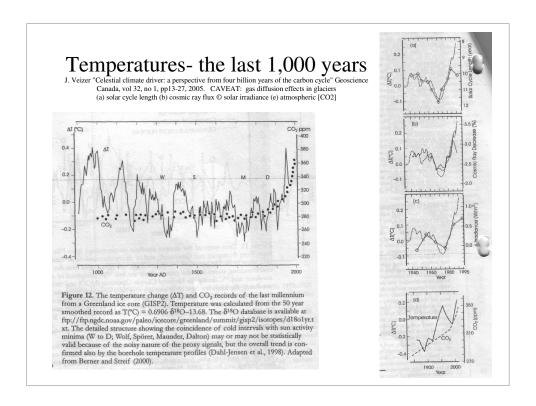
# 2. Modern bubonic plague

Lets start by taking a look at the bubonic plague today. Bubonic plague apparently kills 3,000 people a year on average, although the numbers probably fluctuate greatly from year to year, and Central Asia and possibly India are apparently where many cases occur.

[Show Figure 1] Let's take a look at recent data for 2 sites in Central Asia, where some effort and money was spent on tracking the plague in gerbil populations. This graph does NOT show human deaths, but instead shows the number of gerbil burrows occupied (solid line) as a proxy for gerbil population, and the fraction of gerbils with the plague. The theme of the ?2002? paper that this was taken from is that the climate has a direct bearing on the plague incidence in "vectors" or carriers, and therefore the climate is a significant risk factor for potential human plagues.



[Show Figure 2] However, lets look at one measure of solar activity and the gerbil data. Clearly there seems to be some correlation. This certainly isn't a proof that the variables are causually related, but it should pique your curiosity.



# 3. The sun as a major climate driver

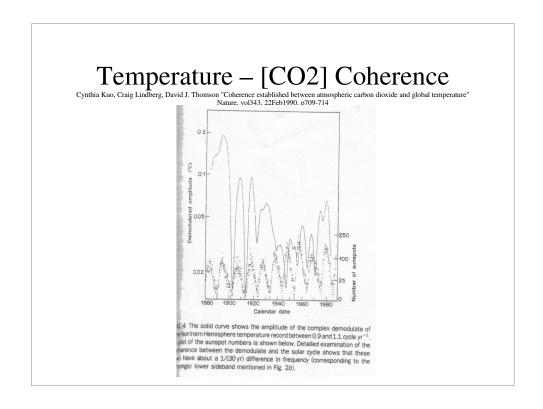
[Show Figure 3] The next illustration shows the coherence between solar activity and the average global temperature. In spite of a phase shifting, there is clearly strong coherence between solar activity and climate. There is a wide range of other types of solid correlations between astronomical drivers and the climate, but I'll leave it for some future presentation.

# Not stated during the presentation:

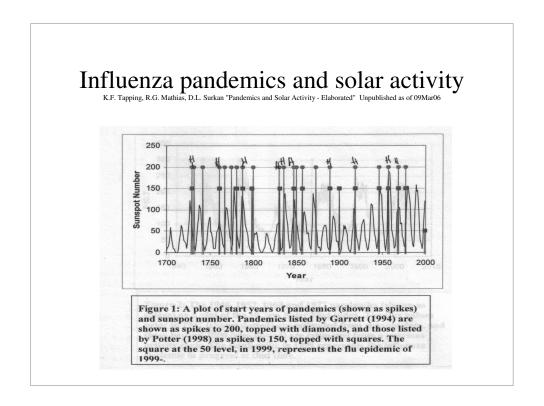
·A modest number of scientists, often severely under attack from other "scientists" (not to mention environmentalists etc) believe that astronomy is the primary driver of climate:

- galactic rays the sun's magnetic field shield's us from them to some extent a bit like "shields up" on Star Trek). These are thought to be a major determinant of cloud cover variability on timescales exceeding months or years or something like that. In fact during the presentation, a major experimental result was released by Danish scientists showing how UV radiation promotes "cloud nucleation" (in the lab)!!
- · solar irradiance & magnetic fields
- Earth orbitals, axis precession & inclination (these being the basis of Milankovich cycles most easily seen by the most recent 4 glaciation events)
- · Earth's geomagnetic field

A very small number of scientists (me included!) believe that CO2 is simply a function of temperature, and that its return influence is either minimum, too small to detect amid the noise of the major drivers, or insignificant. (water vapour is by far the most important greenhouse gas!!!).



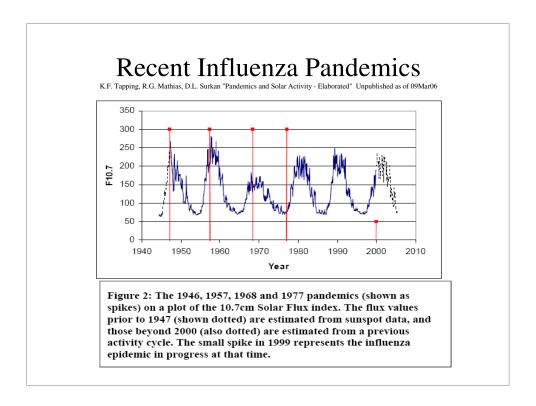
Another illustration of the temperature-solar link, but I didn't spend time on this as its a bit trickey.



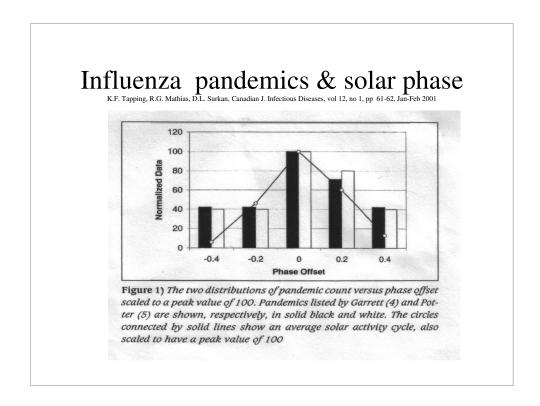
# 4. Influenza pandemics

[Show Figure 3] Here is another illustation of the sun-pandemic link based on influenza pandemics since 1700. In this graph you can see a statistically significant relationship, representing a two-fold increase in pandemic risk during a certain phase of solar activity. Remember that influenza is a big killer. For example, the Spanish flu pandemic of ~1917/1918 killed perhaps 50 million people which is greater than the 20 million people estimated to have been killed during the Black Death plagues of 1347-1410, but the Black Death killed a far higher portion of the population.

However, the Spanish flu did NOT occur during the peak risk phase, and this is an important illustration that solar activity is only ONE of the risk factors for a pandemic, and it is not the most important. Civil engineering is the most important (clean water, remove sewage and waste), followed by standard of living (ie good and adequate food, shelter) and then the medical system.



The most recent four cycles really emphasize the timing point.



As previously mentioned, a recent analysis put the risk of a pandemic during a certain phase of the solar cycle as twice the level of most of the cycle. More recent analysis (still in work) indicate that an even more specific phase analysis reveals a four-fold increase in risk of influenza pandemics.

### [ didn't say this during the presentation...]

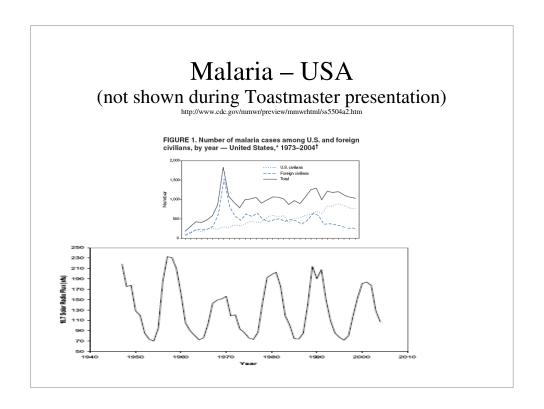
The sun behaves in a non-linear, non-stationary manner, and there is evidence for distinctly different states or phases of solar behaviour (although not necessarily discrete states!). Between one state and the next, basic relationships may change. For example, the irradiance of many star decreases during periods of inactivity (appearance of sunspots), while others, including the current state of the sun, have higher irradiance. But the sun stradles the boundary between positive a positive irradiance-sunspot relationship, and a negative relationship. Historical accounts may indicate a negative relation between sunspots and irradiance at a time in the past.

# Other Pandemics (no charts – but some are being put together)

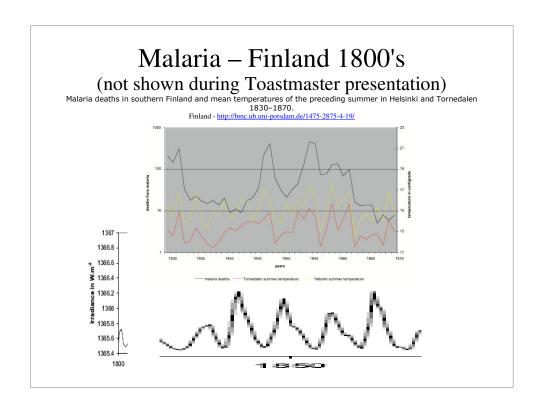
## 5. Other pandemics

While I do not have charts and statistics, discussions with epidemiologists and others have come up with the measles, smallpox, and cholera, and malaria has been the subject of several studies that claim to have established a climate-pandemic link. These are "vector-borne" diseases. Furthermore, solar UV variability has been linked to non-melanoma skin cancers in Australia.

Climate-disease linkages are receiving a grat deal of funding as part of the worldwide effort to study climate change and the Kyoto premise of global warming. It appears to me that this will provide the heavy datasets necessary to better establish climate-disease relationships, and this in turn will be relatively easy to link to astronomical activity as an important driver of pandemics – but certainly not the only nor the most important driver!

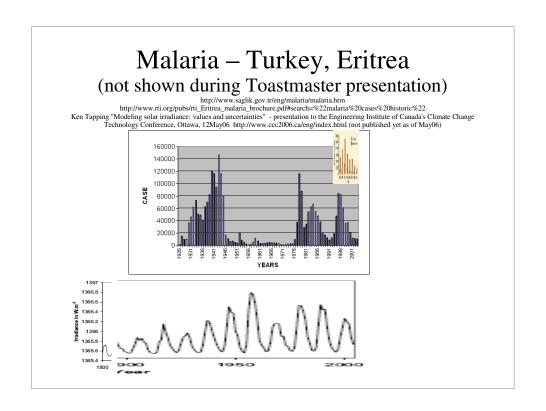


As an advanced nation with high standards of living and medical treatment, one might expect the USA to be little-influenced by the sun or the weather with regards to malaria cases. The number of cases is very low, and is apparently mainly due to immigrants or citizens travelling overseas.



As recently as the mid-1800's in Finland and Canada, malaria was an important disease in spite of the relatively very cold temperatures then at the the end of the "Mini-Ice Age". Apparently most of the deaths amoung Irish workers who built the Rideau canal from Kingston to Ottawa died of malaria at about the same era.

Unfortunately, without the original data series, copy & paste graphics are of low quality



Is there a ghost of a correlation between solar activity and malaria in modern developing/ mostly developed nations? This isn't terribly convincing, but perhaps a knowledge of the system's dynamics might help establish a link? (guesswork at present)

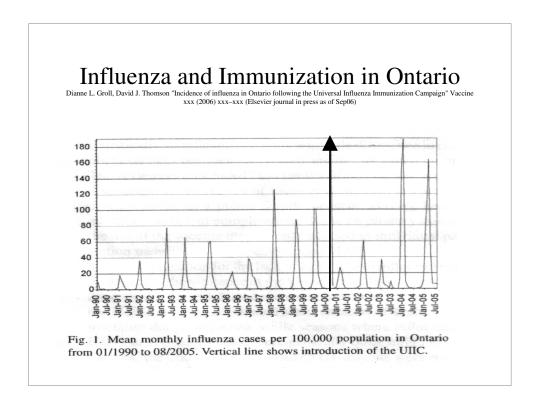
Conclusion

## 6. Conclusion

So keep in mind thast one of the great historical pandemics could well strike at some time, or perhaps a brand new type of pandemic will evolve. And some surviving generation, having lived through the horror and despair of watching loved ones die horribly, and their bodies being burned or piled into mass graves, may deal with it by reviving the ancient poem:

Ring around the rosies..

And they may blame it on the sun...



This was not discussed during the presentation.

Ontario introduced free flu vaccines at the point in time indicated by the arrow. Initially this seemed to be a successful policy, but later it seems to have "lost effectiveness", largely because the vaccine did not correspond to the form of prevalent flu.

However, it is interesting to see that the flu incidence in one of the world's most advanced economies, with a high standard of living, and in the midst of a massive new campaign, still seems to respond to the sun (via climate, radiation-driven mutation or whatever mechanism might prove out).